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 Composition/Information 	on on Ingredients	
-	Polyamide CAS not available per 29CFR1910.1200(i) Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2A, H319; Skin Sens. 1, H317	50-609
	Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2A, H319; Skin Sens. 1, H317	
CAS: 9046-10-0	Poly(oxypropylene)diamine	25-309
	Skin Corr. 1C, H314; Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	
	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	
	Aquatic Acute 3, H402	
	Amino ether -CAS withheld per 29CFR1910.1200(i).	5-<10
	Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2A, H319; Skin Sens. 1, H317	
CAS: 80-05-7	Bisphenol A	5-<10
EINECS: 201-245-8 Index Number: 604-030-00-0	Eve Dam. 1, H318	
RTECS: SL 6300000	Skin Sens. 1, H317; STOT SE 3, H335	

i ne Classifications were based on the Toxicological and Ecological Data of the substances/mixtures in the Section

4 First-aid measures

Description of First Aid Measures

 General Information Ensure medical personnel are aware of exposure and take precautions for their personal protection; see Section 8 for the information of personal protection.

· After Inhalation

Remove victim from exposure to fresh air. Keep person at rest. Provide oxygen if person is not breathing. In case of unconsciousness place patient stably in side position for transportation. Supply fresh air; consult doctor in case of complaints.

After Skin Contact

Immediately remove all contaminated clothing and put them in a tightly sealed bag. Immediately wash contaminated skin with water and soap and rinse them thoroughly. Get medical attention

• After Eye Contact Immediately rinse opened eyes for at least 15 minutes under running water. Immediately remove contact lenses if present. Continue rinsing. Do not put any ointments, oils or medication in eyes without specific instructions. Seek medical advice.

After Swallowing If victim is unconscious; never give anything by mouth.

Do NOT induce vomiting. If victim is conscious, rinse out mouth with water. Seek medical treatment in case of complaints. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep victim's head below hips to prevent aspiration of liquid into lungs.

Additional Information

For additional information, please consult the corresponding first aid measures in the most current version of Emergency Response Guidebook which is produced by the US Department of Transportation.

5 Fire-fighting measures

• Extinguishing Media • Suitable Extinguishing Agent(s) Use fire fighting measures and extinguishing agents that suit the environment. In case of fire, suitable extinguishing agents are: Alcohol resistant foam.

Dry chemical or fire-extinguishing powder. Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Water spray or water fog. **Unsuitable Extinguishing Agent(s)** Water with full jet

· Firefighting Procedures

- Inergenting Procedures Isolate fire and deny unnecessary entry. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Do not extinguish fire unless flow can be stopped. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion. Use water spray or water fog to cool fire-exposed containers. Burning liquids may be moved by flushing with water; protect personnel and minimize property damage. Contain fire water runoff if possible to prevent environmental pollution.

Special Hazards Arising in Fire

In case of fire, following can be released:

ammonia nitric acid

May generate ammonia gas. Noxious fumes.

Carbon oxides, Nitrogen oxides, and Hydrogen if mixed with metals.

Advice for Firefighters

If employees are expected to fight fires, they must be trained and equipped as stated in the OSHA fire brigades standard (29 CFR 1910.156).



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(Contd. of page 2) As with any fire, wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective gear that are NIOSH approved. · Additional Information Ensure adequate and functional fire fighting facilities equipped in working area at all times.

6 Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions

Do not breathe gas, vapors, dusts or mists if their inhalable particles occur during use Ensure personnel take precautions for their personal protection during clean up, see Section 8 for the specific requirements.

Environmental Precautions

Keep away from sewage system or other water courses; do not penetrate ground/soil. Inform respective authorities in case of any seepage to the environment.

Cleaning Up Methods Ensure adequate ventilation. Eliminate all ignition sources. Keep unauthorized personnel away. Absorb residues with liquid-binding materials. Ventilate and wash area after clean-up is complete. Collect spills in suitable and properly labeled containers. Do not use solvents unless following safe handling practices and within the recommended exposure guidelines. Dispose contaminated chemicals as waste according to Section 13.

7 Handling and storage

Handling

Avoid any body contact of containers or contents unless wearing appropriate personal protective equipment. Keep away from incompatible material(s). Avoid any release into the environment.

- Observe all the personal protection requirements in Section 8. Information about Protection Against Explosions and Fires

Will not burn unless preheated. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flame and other ignition sources during handling.

Storage

orage • Requirements to be Met by Storerooms and Receptacles Store in a well-ventilated place; provide ventilation for receptacles. Keep stored in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations. • Information about Storage in One Common Storage Facility Store away from incompatible material(s). Store away from foodstuffs. Avoid release to the environment

- Avoid release to the environment.

· Additional Information No further relevant information.

8 Exposure controls/personal protection

Engineering Measures or Controls

Exposure Limit Values that Require Monitoring at the Workplace The substance/mixture does not contain any relevant quantities of substances with critical values that have to be monitored at the workplace

Other Engineering Measures or Controls

Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosure(s), local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits.

· Personal Protective

General Protective and Hygienic Measures

Avoid any contact with skin or eye. Do not eat, drink or smoke during work. Clean hands and exposed skin thoroughly after work and before breaks.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Breathing Equipment Sufficient ventilation in pattern and volume should be provided in order to maintain air contaminant levels below recommended exposure limits

Use a NIOSH approved air-purifying organic vapor respirator if occupational limits are exceeded. For emergency situations, confined space use, or other conditions where exposure limits may be greatly exceeded, use an approved air supplied respirator. Observe OSHA regulations (29CFR 1910.134) for respirator use.

Hand Protection

Selection of glove material should take into consideration the penetration times, rates of diffusion, and the degradation. Suggested glove type(s):

Nitrile Gloves Butyl Rubber Gloves

But protection
 Eye Protection
 tightly sealed goggles
 tightly sealed goggles and face shields if the potential for splashing occurs.
 Body Protection Protective clothing should be selected to cover as much of the exposed skin area as possible.

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· Additional Information

The Engineering measures or controls, and PPE recommendations are only guidelines and may not apply to every situation. For additional information, please consult the corresponding requirements under OSHA 29 CFR 1910.94-95, and 29 CFR 1910.132-138.

9 Physical and chemical properties

Information on Basic Physical an App <u>e</u> arance:	
Form:	Liquid
· Color:	Amber
: Odor:	Amine-like
· Odor Threshold:	Not determined.
 PH-Value at 20 °C (68 °F): 	>11 (Estimated)
Change in Condition: Melting Point: Flash Point: Decomposition Temperature: Flammability: Explosion: Explosion Limits: Lower: Upper:	Not determined. Not determined. > 93 °C (> 199 °F) (Estimated) Not determined. Not determined. Not determined. Not determined.
 Vapor Pressure: Vapor Density: Density at 25 °C (77 °F): Solubility in or Miscibility with 	38.7 hPa (29 mm Hg) not determined 0.98 g/cm³ (8.178 lbs/gal)
Water: Viscosity: Dynamic at 20 °C (68 °F): Kinematic:	Soluble. 2000 mPas Not determined.

10 Stability and reactivity

· Physical Hazard(s) Not a regulated reactive or physical hazard under GHS.

· Hazardous Reactivity and Chemical Stability Stable under normal conditions of use, storage and temperatures.

Thermal Decomposition and Conditions to be Avoided Keep away from incompatible material(s). Thermally decomposes during fire or high heat; keep away from heat, sparks, open flame and other ignition sources.

· Possibility of Other Hazardous Reaction(s) May react with strong reducing agents generating flammable hydrogen (H₂).

· Incompatible Material(s)

Halogens Acid halides Isocyanates Acids Strong oxidizing agent

Hazardous Decomposition Product(s) Ammonia (NH₃) and/or Amines. Thermally decomposes during fire or very high heat. See Section 5 for fire hazards evolved during thermal decomposition.

· Hazardous Polymerization Product(s) No relevant information.

11 Toxicological information

· Acute Toxicity	
· Oral	
9046-10-0 Poly(oxypropylene)diamine	
Oral LD50 2885 mg/kg (rat) (similar to OECD guideline 401) Reference: Vendor SDS (2015).	
Amino ether -CAS withheld per 29CFR1910.1200(i).	
Oral LD50 4310 mg/kg (rat)	
80-05-7 Bisphenol A	
Oral LD50 3300 mg/kg (Rats and Mice) (female rats; EPA method) Reference: IUCLID Dataset (2000) and ECHA (2011).	
• Potential Health Effect(s): If swallowed, may cause: diarrhea shock or collapse abnormal pain, headache, nausea, vomiting, drowsiness See acute inhalative effect(s) for further information	(Contd. on page 5)
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· Dermal	
9046-10-0 Poly(oxypropylene)diamine
	980 mg/kg (rabbit) (similar to OECD guideline 402) eference: Vendor SDS (2015).
	AS withheld per 29CFR1910.1200(i).
Dermal LD50 2	
80-05-7 Bispher	
Dermal LD50 3	000 mg/kg (rabbit) (3 out of 15 treated rabbits died at 2000 mg/kg) eference: IUCLID Dataset (2000).
Potentia	I Health Effect(s):
No turthe See acu	er relevant information available; classification is not possible. te inhalative effect(s) for further information.
· Inhalative	e minalauve enecu(s) for futurer mornauon.
	oxypropylene)diamine
Inholotivo I C50	xxypropyrene julanime
	4 h no mortality mg/l (rat) (Exposure Time 8h) No mortality was observed over an 8 hour exposure period. Reference: Vendor SDS 2015
80-05-7 Bispher	
Inhalative LC50	(4 h) (rat) (LC0 > 0.17 mg/l: no death occurred) Reference: ECHA (2011).
	I Health Effect(s): t possible to classify the acute inhalative hazard due to missing data, the product may cause the following symptom(s):
cough nasal dis	
sneezing sore thro	
wheezin	
	, ion or Irritation
	not available per 29CFR1910.1200(i)
Corrosion/Irritati	not avaliable per 250 ((1910-1200)) nn moderate (Test species: n/a)
	oxypropylene)diamine
Corrosion/Irritatio	on corrosive (rabbit) (similar to OECD guideline 404) Reference: Vendor SDS 2015
80-05-7 Bispher	
	on not irritating (rabbit) (OECD TG 404)
Conosion/initiatio	The substance was not classified as irritating to skin.Reference: ECHA (2011).
	I Health Effect(s):
Causes	severe skin burns and eye damage.
	t with skin, may cause: pain and severe skin burns
	Damage or Irritation
	not available per 29CFR1910.1200(i)
	n moderate (Test species: n/a)
	oxypropylene)diamine
Domogo/Irritotio	serious damage (rabbit) (similar to OECD Guideline 405)
Damaye/Imalio	Reference: Vendador SDS 2015.
80-05-7 Bispher	
	n serious damage (rabbit) (OECD TG 405)
Damaye/Imailoi	The substance was classified as a serious eye irritant (Category 1) based on the classification criteria.Reference: ECI (2011).
	i Health Effect(s):
Causes	serious eye damáge.
In contac	et with eye, may căuse:
redness	pain and severe deep burns
	or Skin Sensitization
00/6-10-0 Dolu	or skin sensitization oxypropylene)diamine
	spiratory (No data available)
80-05-7 Bispher Sensitization Sk	
Sensilization Sk	For safety reasons, the substance was classified as a dermal sensitizer (Category 1).Reference: ECHA (20) and IUCLID Dataset (2000).
Re	spiratory (No data available)
Detentia	I Health Effect(s):
	se an allergic skiń reaction.
Mav cau	d skin contact may cause dermatitis, skin rash or itchiness.
May cau Repeate	ant information for respiratory sensitization; classification is not possible.
May cau Repeate No relev	a (Occupational Safety & Health Administration)
May cau Repeate No relev · OSHA-C	
May cau Repeate No relev • OSHA-C None of the ingr	edients is listed.
May cau Repeate No relev • OSHA-C None of the ingre • Germ Cell N	edients is listed. Iutagenicity
May cau Repeate No relev • OSHA-C None of the ingre • Germ Cell N	edients is listed.
May cau Repeate No relev • OSHA-C None of the ingre • Germ Cell N	edients is listed. Iutagenicity oxypropylene)diamine
May cau Repeate No relev • OSHA-C None of the ingr • Germ Cell M 9046-10-0 Poly(Mutagenicity [() 80-05-7 Bispher	edients is listed. Iutagenicity oxypropylene)diamine Io data available) nol A
May cau Repeate No relev • OSHA-C None of the ingr • Germ Cell M 9046-10-0 Poly(Mutagenicity [() 80-05-7 Bispher	edients is listed. Iutagenicity oxypropylene)diamine Io data available)

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Wi	gative (mouse) (In Vivo (Micronucleus assay)) nen considering all of the evidence, the substance was not classified as a mutagen.Reference: CCRIS (2011).
Potentia	I Health Effect(s): No further relevant information; classification is not possible.
· Carcinogen	icity in the second
Polyamide CAS	not available per 29CFR1910.1200(i)
Carcinogenicity	(Test species: n/a) This product contains no listed carcinogens according to IARC, ACGIH, NTP and/or OSHA in concentrations of 0 percent or greater
	oxypropylene)diamine
	negative (Test species: n/a) (not listed as a Carcinogen by NTP, IARC or OSHA)
	AS withheld per 29CFR1910.1200(i).
Carcinogenicity	(Test species: n/a) This product contains no listed carcinogens according to IARC, ACGIH, NTP and/or OSHA in concentrations of 0 percent or greater
80-05-7 Bispher	nol A
Carcinogenicity	negative (mouse) (no carcinogenic effect with 1mg/kg/d for life-time) When considering all of the evidence, the substance was not classified as a carcinogen. Reference: CCRIS (2011) and IUCLID Dataset (2000).
· Potentia	I Health Effect(s): Not a known Carcinogen.
Reproductiv	
	oxypropylene)diamine
Reproductive To	xi. not impairing (Test species listed below) (OECD 421/422) The results of animal studies gave no indication of a fertility impairing effect. The results were determined in Screening Test. Reference: Vendor SDS 2015
80-05-7 Bispher	
'	xi. N/A (Rats and Mice) Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.RTECS contains reproductive data for this substance.
· Potentia	I Health Effect(s): Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
	get Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure
9046-10-0 Poly(oxypropylene)diamine
STOT-Single (I	lo data available)
80-05-7 Bispher	nol A
STOT-Single (r Re	at) (Respiratory tract irritation via inhalation) eference: IUCLID Dataset (2000).
No furthe Some ta	I Health Effect(s): er relevant information; classification is not possible. rget organs may be exclusive due to low concentration of the hazardous component(s).
	get Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure
9046-10-0 Poly(oxypropylene)diamine
	(No data available)
80-05-7 Bispher	
	Target: N/A (rat) (conclusive but not sufficient for classification) ECHA concluded subtance data as conclusive but not sufficient for classification.Reference: ECHA (2011).
	I Health Effect(s): No further relevant information; classification is not possible.
 Aspiration I 	
9046-10-0 Poly(oxypropylene)diamine
	d (No data available)
80-05-7 Bispher	
	d (No data available)

12 Ecological information

9046-10-0 Poly(oxypropyle	
Algae Toxicity	
Crustacean Toxicity (static)	80 mg/l (Daphnia magna (water flea)) (EC50 (48 hrs), OECD TG 202,part 1) The details of the toxic effect relate to nominal concentration. Reference: Vendor SDS 2015
Fish Toxicity	>15 mg/l (Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)) (LC50 (96 hrs), OECD TG 203;semistatic) Reference: Vendor SDS (2015). Limit concentration test only. The details of the toxic effect relate to nominal concentration.
80-05-7 Bisphenol A	
Algae Toxicity	2.7-3.1 mg/l (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) (EC50 (96 hrs), EPA 600/9-78-018)
Crustacean Toxicity	10.2 mg/l (Daphnia magna (water flea)) (EC50 (48 hrs), ASTM E729-80) 1.1 mg/L (Mysidopsis bahia) (LC50 (96 hrs); method not specified)> 3.2 mg/L (daphnia magna) (NOEC (2 days); OECD TG 202)
Fish Toxicity	4.6 mg/l (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)) (LC50 (96 hrs), ASTM E729-80) Based on the rapid degradability, the substance is not classified as a chronic environment hazard. Based o acute LC50 < 10 mg/l, the substance is classified as an Acute-2 environmental hazard.Reference: IUCLI Dataset (2000) and OECD SIAM (2002).





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9046-10-0 Biodegrada	pility and Stability Dely(oxypropylene)diamine
Biodegrada	
	lation non-biodegrad. (Activated Sludge) (Biodegradation (OECD TG 301A; 28 days) = 10%) Reference: BASF (M)SDS (2006).
Persistenc	
Photodegra	radation (Test species: n/a) (Indirect photolysis) t1/2 (Indirect photolysis) 1.6h; OH radical After evaporation or exposure to the air; the product will be rapidly degraded by photochemical processes. Reference: Vendor SDS 2015
Stability in	n water (No data available) In contact with water the substance will hydrolyse slowly. Reference: Vendor SDS 2015
80-05-7 Bi	isphenol A
Biodegrada	lation readily biodeg. (Test species: n/a) (Biodegradation (OECD TG 301F)≥89%) It was determined to be readily biodegradable.Reference: CHRIP (2011).
Persistenc	ce (Test species: n/a) (The substance is not persistent) Reference: ACToR (2011).
Photodegra	radation 8.06E-11 cm ³ /molecule-sec (Test species: n/a) Reference: ChemID (2011).
Stability in	n water (No data available)
Bioaccum	nulation and Distribution
	D Poly(oxypropylene)diamine
	(No data available)
Koc i	No data available)
LoaPow -	0.09 (Test species: n/a) (The substance is not bioaccumulative) Reference: BASF (M)SDS.
80-05-7 Bi	isphenol A
BCF 5 F	5.1-67.7 (Cyprinus carpio) (The substance is not highly bioaccumulative) Reference: CHRIP (2011).
Koc (No data available)	
LogPow 3 F	3.4 (Test species: n/a) (OECD TG 107) Reference: ECHA (2011).
Degra	adability and Bioaccumulation Assessment: Non-rapidly degradable, and low bioaccumulative.

13 Disposal considerations

Hazardous Waste List
 Description: It may be necessary to contain and dispose of the substance/mixture as a hazardous waste.

Waste Treatment Recommendation: Generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Chemical waste, even small quantities, is neither allowed to be poured down drains, sewage system or waterways; nor disposed with household garbage. Dispose of contents/containers in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.

Unused and Uncontaminated Packagings Recommendation Dispose of according to your local waste regulations.

14 Transport information	
· UN-Number · DOT, ADR, IMDG, IATA	UN2735
UN Proper Shipping Name DOT, ADR, IMDG, IATA	Amines, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. (3,3'-oxybis(ethyleneoxy) bis(propylamine))
 Transport hazard class(es) 	
·DOT	
· Class · Label	8 Corrosive substances 8
· ADR	
· Class	8 (C7) Corrosive substances
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· Label	8
· IMDG	
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	0. Company outpatements
· Class · Label	8 Corrosive substances
	, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
Sec. 10	
· Class	8 Corrosive substances
· Label	8
· Packing group · DOT, ADR, IMDG, IATA	<i>III</i>
· Environmental Hazards:	
· Marine Pollutant:	Yes (DOT) Symbol (fish and tree)
· Special Marking (ADR):	Symbol (fish and tree)
Special Precautions	Warning: Corrosive substances
· Danger Code (Kemler): · EMS Number:	80
	F-A,S-B
 Transport in Bulk according to Annex II of MARPO IBC Code 	Not applicable.
 Transport/Additional Information: 	
· DOT	
 Quantity limitations 	On passenger aircraft/rail:
· Remarks:	On cargo arcraft only: Special marking with the symbol (fish and tree).
· ADR	
Excepted quantities (EQ)	Code: E1
	Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30 ml Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 1000 ml
MDC	
 IMDG Limited quantities (LQ) 	5L
 Excepted quantities (ÉQ) 	Code: E1
	Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30 ml Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 1000 ml
· UN "Model Regulation":	UN2735, Amines, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. (3,3'-oxybis(ethyleneo.
· ON Model Regulation .	bis(propylamine)), 8, III
5 Regulatory information	
 USA Regulation Lists SARA (Superfund Amendments and Reautility) 	horization Act of 1986)
Section 302 (Extremely Hazardous Sub	stances)
None of the ingredients is listed.	· · · ·
Section 313 (Toxics Release Inventory	
80-05-7 Bisphenol A	5-<10
Section 311/312 (Hazardous Chemical Inve	ntory Reporting)
9046-10-0 Poly(oxypropylene)diamine	A 25-30
80-05-7 Bisphenol A	A, C 5-<10
Hazard Abbreviations for SARA 311/312	2
A - Acute Health Hazard C - Chronic Health Hazard	
F - Fire Hazard	
R - Reactive Hazard	
S - Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard	
• TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act)	
9046-10-0 Poly(oxypropylene)diamine 80-05-7 Bisphenol A	
Proposition 65 Chemicals Known to Cause Cancer	
None of the ingredients is listed.	
Chemicals Known to Cause Reproduction	ive Toxicity for Females
None of the ingredients is listed	TO TOMORY TO I TOMAICO

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• Chemicals Known to Cause Reproductive Toxicity for Males	(Contd. of pag
None of the ingredients is listed.	
Chemicals Known to Cause Developmental Toxicity	
None of the ingredients is listed.	
· Carcinogenic Categories	
· EPA (Environmental Protection Agency)	
None of the ingredients is listed.	
 IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) 	
None of the ingredients is listed.	
· NTP (National Toxicology Program)	
None of the ingredients is listed.	
 TLV (Threshold Limit Value Established by ACGIH) 	
None of the ingredients is listed.	
 NIOSH-Ca (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health) 	
None of the ingredients is listed.	
· International Regulation Lists	
· Canadian Domestic Substance Listings:	
9046-10-0 Poly(oxypropylene)diamine	
80-05-7 Bisphenol A	
Canadian Ingredient Disclosure list (limit 0.1%)	
None of the ingredients is listed.	
Canadian Ingredient Disclosure list (limit 1%)	
80-05-7 Bisphenol A	
Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances:	
9046-10-0 Poly(oxypropylene)diamine 80-05-7 Bisphenol A	
· Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substance List:	
9046-10-0 Poly(oxypropylene)diamine	
80-05-7 Bisphenol A	
· Korean Existing Chemical Inventory:	
9046-10-0 Poly(oxypropylene)diamine	
80-05-7 Bisphenol A	
European Pre-registered substances:	
9046-10-0 Poly(oxypropylene)diamine	
80-05-7 Bisphenol A	
 REACh - Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC) List: 	
None of the ingredients is listed.	
 Restriction of Hazardous Substances Directive (RoHS) list: 	
None of the ingredients is listed.	

16 Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

Department Issuing (M)SDS: Product Safety Department

Contact: msds@resinlab.com

Abbreviations and acronyms:

 ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
 ADR: European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
 CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)
 CCR: Canadian Categorization Results
 DOT: US Department of Transportation
 ECHA: European Chemicals Agency's Dissemination portal with information on chemical substances registered under REACH
 HMIS: US National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA) Hazardous Materials Identification System

 IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer developed by United Nations World Health Organisation (WHO)
 ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions (TI) by the International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO)
 IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods: the principal international rules for International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by SEA under the Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods by United Nations (RTDG)
 LC50/LD50: Lethal Concentration/Dose, 50 percent
 N'a: Not available or Not applicable
 NFPA: US National Fire Protection Association
 NIOSH: US National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health OSHA: US Occupational Safety and Health Administration
 P: Marine Pollutant
 RCRA: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (USA)

RCRA: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (US)

REACH: Resolute Conservation and Recovery Act (USA) REACH: EU Registry, Evaluation and Authorization of Chemicals SARA: US Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit developed by US Subcommittee on Consequence Assessment and Protective Actions (SCAPA) of US Department of Energy (DOE) TSCA: US Toxic Substance Control Act ACTOR: US EPA Aggregated Computational Toxicology Resource (Contd. on page 10)



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BCF: Bioconcentration Factor (Contd. of page 9)
CCRIS: US NLM TOXNET Chemical Carcinogenesis Research Information System CHRIP: Japan NITE Information on Biodegradation and Bioconcentration of the Existing Chemical Substances in the Chemical Risk Information Platform
DSL: Canada Domestic Substance List ESIS: European Chemical Substances Information System
HSDB: US NLM TOXNET Hazardous Substances Dátabank HSNO CCID: New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Chemical Classification Information Database IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) by the International Air Transport Association (IATA)
ICSC: International Chemical Safety Cards Koc: Partition coefficient, soil Organic Carbon to water NITE: National Institute of Technology and Evaluation, Japan
OECD: Organisation for Economic Čó-operation and Development RID: the Regulations Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; published by the Central Office for International Carriage by Rail (OTIF)
RTDG: the Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods by United Nations (UN) RTECS: US Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
SIDS: OECD existing chemicals Screening Information Data Sets SVHC: EU ECHA Substance of Very High Concern TOXLINE: US NLM bibliographic database search system ChemID (Full Record): US NLM Chemical Information Database (or its Full Record) designed to help search for information by chemical
name or structure
SIDS SIAM(R): SIDS Initial Assessment Meetings(Reports) · Date of preparation / last revision 06/13/2016 / 6 Us